S. 546

To implement the recommendations of the Northern Forest Lands Council.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 10, 1997

Mr. Leahy (for himself, Mr. Gregg, Mr. Jeffords, Ms. Snowe, Ms. Collins, Mr. Smith of New Hampshire, Mr. Moynihan, Mr. Kerry, Mr. Kennedy, Mr. Reed, and Mr. D'Amato) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry

A BILL

To implement the recommendations of the Northern Forest Lands Council.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- This Act may be cited as the "Northern Forest Stew-
- 5 ardship Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. DECLARATIONS.
- 7 Congress declares as follows:
- 8 (1) The 26,000,000-acre Northern Forest re-
- 9 gion is an extraordinary resource. The forests in the

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region are rich in natural resources and values cherished by residents and visitors: timber, fiber, and wood for forest products and energy supporting successful businesses and providing stable jobs for residents; lakes, ponds, rivers, and streams unspoiled by pollution or crowding human development; tracts of land for wildlife habitat and recreational use, and protected areas to help preserve the biological integrity of the region. This Act is enacted to advance the goals of the Northern Forest Lands Council and to reaffirm the Council's vision of the Northern Forest as a landscape of interlocking parts and pieces, reinforcing each other: local communities, industrial forest land, family and individual ownerships, small woodlots, recreation land, and public and private conservation land.

(2) This Act effectuates certain recommendations of the Northern Forest Lands Council that were developed with broad public input and the involvement of Federal, State, and local governments. The actions described in this Act to implement those recommendations are most appropriately directed by the Northern Forest States, with assistance from the Federal Government, as requested by the States. Implementation of the recommendations should be

1	guided by the fundamental principles laid out by the
2	Northern Forest Lands Council report. Those prin-
3	ciples provide the foundation for the intent of this
4	Act: to support the primary role of the Northern
5	Forest States in the management of their forests, to
6	protect the traditions of the region, to emphasize the
7	rights and responsibilities of the landowners, and to
8	advance new mechanisms for cooperative conserva-
9	tion of the Northern Forest lands and its resources
10	for future generations.
11	SEC. 3. SUPPORT FOR SUSTAINABLE FOREST MANAGE-
12	MENT.
13	At the request of the Governor of the State of Maine,
14	New Hampshire, New York, or Vermont, the Secretary of
15	Agriculture, acting through the Chief of the Forest Serv-
	Agriculture, acting through the Chief of the Forest Service, may provide technical assistance to—
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15 16	ice, may provide technical assistance to—
15 16 17	ice, may provide technical assistance to— (1) support a State-based process, directed by
15 16 17 18	ice, may provide technical assistance to— (1) support a State-based process, directed by the State, to define credible benchmarks of sustain-
15 16 17 18 19	ice, may provide technical assistance to— (1) support a State-based process, directed by the State, to define credible benchmarks of sustain- ability for a variety of forest types to achieve the
15 16 17 18 19 20	ice, may provide technical assistance to— (1) support a State-based process, directed by the State, to define credible benchmarks of sustainability for a variety of forest types to achieve the principles of sustainability developed by the North-
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	ice, may provide technical assistance to— (1) support a State-based process, directed by the State, to define credible benchmarks of sustainability for a variety of forest types to achieve the principles of sustainability developed by the Northern Forest Lands Council;
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	ice, may provide technical assistance to— (1) support a State-based process, directed by the State, to define credible benchmarks of sustainability for a variety of forest types to achieve the principles of sustainability developed by the Northern Forest Lands Council; (2) publicize, explain the application of, and

1	ability of the forest to continue producing timber
2	and other benefits is maintained.
3	SEC. 4. NORTHERN FOREST RESEARCH COOPERATIVE.
4	At the request of the Governor of the State of Maine,
5	New Hampshire, New York, or Vermont, the Secretary of
6	Agriculture (acting through the Northeastern Forest Ex-
7	periment Station and the Chief of the Forest Service) may
8	work with the State, the land grant universities of the
9	State, natural resource and forestry schools, other Federal
10	agencies, and other interested parties in assisting the
11	State in coordinating ecological and economic research, in-
12	cluding—
13	(1) research on ecosystem health, forest man-
14	agement, product development, economics, and relat-
15	ed fields;
16	(2) research to help achieve the principles of
17	sustainability described in section 3 as recommended
18	by the Northern Forest Lands Council;
19	(3) technology transfer to the wood products in-
20	dustry on efficient processing, pollution prevention,
21	and energy conservation;
22	(4) dissemination of existing and new informa-
23	tion to landowners, public and private resource man-
24	agers, State forest citizen advisory committees, and
25	the general public through professional associations,

- 1 publications, and other information clearinghouse ac-
- 2 tivities; and
- 3 (5) analysis of strategies for the protection of
- 4 areas of outstanding ecological significance, high bio-
- 5 diversity, and the provision of important recreational
- 6 opportunities, including strategies for areas identi-
- 7 fied through State land acquisition planning proc-
- 8 esses.

9 SEC. 5. INTERSTATE COORDINATION STRATEGY.

- 10 At the request of the Governors of the States of
- 11 Maine, New Hampshire, New York, and Vermont, the Sec-
- 12 retary of Agriculture (acting through the Chief of the For-
- 13 est Service) may make a representative of the State and
- 14 Private Forest Program available to meet with representa-
- 15 tives of the States to coordinate the implementation of
- 16 Federal and State policy recommendations issued by the
- 17 Northern Forest Lands Council and other policies agreed
- 18 to by the States.

19 SEC. 6. LAND CONSERVATION.

- 20 (a) Federal Assistance.—At the request of the
- 21 Governor of the State of Maine, New Hampshire, Ver-
- 22 mont, or New York, the Secretary of Agriculture (acting
- 23 through the Chief of the Forest Service) and the Secretary
- 24 of the Interior (acting through the Director of the Na-
- 25 tional Park Service and Director of the United States Fish

1	and Wildlife Service) may provide technical and financial
2	assistance for a State-managed public land acquisition
3	planning process and land acquisition initiatives directed
4	by the State that employ a variety of conservation tools.
5	(b) Program Development.—The planning proc-
6	ess for a State described in subsection (a) shall establish
7	a goal-oriented land conservation program that includes—
8	(1) identification of, and setting of priorities for
9	the acquisition of, fee or less-than-fee interests in ex-
10	ceptional and important lands, in accordance with
11	criteria that include—
12	(A) places offering outstanding rec-
13	reational opportunities, including locations for
14	hunting, fishing, trapping, hiking, camping, and
15	other forms of back-country recreation;
16	(B) recreational access to river and lake
17	shorelines;
18	(C) land supporting vital ecological func-
19	tions and values;
20	(D) habitats for rare, threatened, or en-
21	dangered natural communities, plants, and
22	wildlife;
23	(E) areas of outstanding scenic value and
24	significant geological features; and

1	(F) working private forest lands that are
2	of such significance or so threatened by conver-
3	sion that conservation easements should be pur-
4	chased;
5	(2) acquisition of land and interests in land
6	only from willing sellers, with community support
7	consistent with Federal, State, and local laws appli-
8	cable in each State on the date of enactment of this
9	Act;
10	(3) involvement of local governments and land-
11	owners in the planning process in a meaningful way
12	that acknowledges their concerns about public land
13	acquisition;
14	(4) recognition that zoning, while an important
15	land use mechanism, is not an appropriate substi-
16	tution for acquisition;
17	(5) assurances that unilateral eminent domain
18	will be used only with the consent of the landowner
19	to clear title and establish purchase prices;
20	(6) efficient use of public funds by purchasing
21	only the rights necessary to best identify and protect
22	exceptional values;
23	(7) consideration of the potential impacts and
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∠ +	benefits of land and easement acquisition on local

and regional economies;

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- 1 (8) consideration of the necessity of including 2 costs of future public land management in the as-3 sessment of overall costs of acquisition;
- (9) minimization of adverse tax consequences to municipalities by making funds available to continue to pay property taxes based at least on current use valuation of parcels acquired, payments in lieu of taxes, user fee revenues, or other benefits, where appropriate;
- 10 (10) identification of the potential for exchang-11 ing public land for privately held land of greater 12 public value; and
- 13 (11) assurances that any land or interests in-14 land that are acquired are used and managed for 15 their intended purposes.
- 16 (c) WILLING SELLER.—No Federal funds made 17 available to carry out this Act may be expended for acqui-18 sition of private or public property unless the owner of 19 the property willingly offers the property for sale.

20 (d) Land Acquisition.—

21 (1) FUNDING.—After completion of the plan-22 ning process under subsection (b), a Federal and 23 State cooperative land acquisition project under this 24 Act may be carried out with funding provided exclu-25 sively by the Federal Government or with funding

- provided by both the Federal Government and a
 State government.
- 3 (2) Objectives.—A cooperative land acquisi-4 tion project funded under this Act shall promote 5 State land conservation objectives that correspond 6 with Federal goals and the recommendations of the
- 7 Northern Forest Lands Council.
- 8 (e) Complementary Program.—The Secretary of 9 the Interior shall conduct activities under this section as 10 a complement to the State Comprehensive Outdoor Recre-11 ation Plan for each Northern Forest State in existence 12 on the date of enactment of this section.
- 13 (f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
- 14 (1) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be
 15 appropriated under sections 5 and 6 of the Land
 16 and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16
 17 U.S.C. 460l–7, 460l–8) such sums as are necessary
 18 to carry out the purposes described in this sub19 section.
- 20 (2) EFFECT ON APPORTIONMENT.—Apportion-21 ment among the States under section 5(b) of the Act 22 (16 U.S.C. 460l–8(b)) shall be from funds not ap-23 propriated under paragraph (1).

1	SEC. 7. SENSE OF CONGRESS CONCERNING FEDERAL TAX
2	POLICY.
3	It is the sense of Congress that—
4	(1) certain Federal tax policies work against
5	the long-term ownership, management, and con-
6	servation of forest land in the Northern Forest re-
7	gion; and
8	(2) Congress and the President should enact
9	additional legislation to address those tax policies as
10	soon as possible.
11	SEC. 8. LANDOWNER LIABILITY EXEMPTION.
12	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
13	(1) many landowners keep their land open and
14	available for responsible recreation; and
15	(2) private lands help provide important forest-
16	based recreation opportunities for the public in the
17	Northern Forest region.
18	(b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
19	gress that States and other interested persons should pur-
20	sue initiatives that—
21	(1) strengthen relief-from-liability laws to pro-
22	tect landowners that allow responsible public rec-
23	reational use of their lands;
24	(2) update relief-from-liability laws to establish
25	hold-harmless mechanisms for landowners that open
26	their land to public use, including provision for pay-

- ment by the State of the costs of a landowner's defense against personal injury suits and of the costs of repairing property damage and removing litter;
 - (3) provide additional reductions in property taxes for landowners that allow responsible public recreational use of their lands;
 - (4) provide for purchases by the State of land in fee and of temporary and permanent recreation easements and leases, including rights of access;
 - (5) foster State and private cooperative recreation agreements;
 - (6) create recreation coordinator and landowner liaison and remote ranger positions in State government to assist in the management of public use of private lands and provide recreation opportunities and other similar services;
 - (7) strengthen enforcement of trespass, antilittering, and antidumping laws;
 - (8) improve recreation user education programs; and
 - (9) improve capacity in State park and recreation agencies to measure recreational use (including types, amounts, locations, and concentrations of use) and identify and address trends in use before the trends create problems.

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1 SEC. 9. NONGAME CONSERVATION.

- 2 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
- 3 (1) private landowners often manage their lands
- 4 in ways that produce a variety of public benefits, in-
- 5 cluding wildlife habitat; and
- 6 (2) there should be more incentives for private
- 7 landowners to exceed current forest management
- 8 standards and responsibilities under Federal laws.
- 9 (b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
- 10 gress that Congress should make it a priority to consider
- 11 legislation that creates a funding mechanism to support
- 12 the conservation of nongame fish and wildlife and associ-
- 13 ated recreation activities on public and private lands and
- 14 does not replace, substitute, or duplicate existing laws that
- 15 support game fish and wildlife.

16 SEC. 10. WATER QUALITY.

- 17 At the request of the Governor of the State of Maine,
- 18 New Hampshire, New York, or Vermont, the Adminis-
- 19 trator of the Environmental Protection Agency, in co-
- 20 operation with the Secretary of Agriculture and the Sec-
- 21 retary of the Interior, may provide technical and financial
- 22 assistance to assess water quality trends within the North-
- 23 ern Forest region.

24 SEC. 11. RURAL COMMUNITY ASSISTANCE.

- 25 (a) In General.—At the request of the Governor
- 26 of the State of Maine, New Hampshire, New York, or Ver-

- 1 mont, the Secretary of Agriculture may provide technical
- 2 and financial assistance to the State, working in partner-
- 3 ship with the forest products industry, local communities,
- 4 and other interests to develop technical and marketing ca-
- 5 pacity within rural communities for realizing value-added
- 6 opportunities in the forest products sector.
- 7 (b) Rural Community Assistance Program.—
- 8 Sufficient funds from the rural community assistance pro-
- 9 gram under subsection (a) shall be directed to support
- 10 State-based public and private initiatives to—
- 11 (1) strengthen partnerships between the public
- and private sectors and enhance the viability of rural
- communities;
- 14 (2) develop technical capacity in the utilization
- and marketing of value-added forest products; and
- 16 (3) develop extension capacity in delivering uti-
- 17 lization and marketing information to forest-based
- businesses.
- 19 SEC. 12. NO NEW AUTHORITY TO REGULATE LAND USE.
- Nothing in this Act creates new authority in any Fed-
- 21 eral agency to regulate the use of private or public land
- 22 in any State.
- 23 SEC. 13. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
- 25 as are necessary to carry out sections 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, and

- 1 11 of this Act and section 2371 of the Rural Economic
- $2\,$ Development Act of 1990 (7 U.S.C. 6601) in the States

3 of Maine, New Hampshire, New York, and Vermont.